institutions was 3,103 and the total net cash outlay for the year was \$2,307,716 or \$2.04 per convict per diem, compared with 3,148 average daily population and \$2,307,739 total net cash outlay or \$2.01 per convict per diem for the year 1936.

The special penitentiary for Doukhobors on Piers island, which was administered under the warden of the penitentiary at New Westminster, was in operation from 1932 to Mar. 28, 1935, when the 39 remaining inmates were transferred to New Westminster. The statistics of this special penal colony are included with those of the regular penitentiaries in the following tables, and the reader is referred to p. 1035 of the 1936 Year Book for details of the Piers Island colony, given by sex, age, race, and conjugal condition.

Female convicts are kept in the penitentiary at Portsmouth, Ont., a suburb of Kingston, where special quarters and staff are maintained for their detention and supervision. Female convicts in custody there on Mar. 31, 1937, numbered 32 compared with 30 in 1936, and 40 in 1935.

Movement of Population of Penal Institutions.—Penal institutions may be classified under four heads: (1) penitentiaries, with slow turnover, since prisoners have long sentences; (2) reformatories for boys and (3) reformatories for girls, also with rather slow turnovers, but more rapid in the case of boys than in that of girls; and (4) common gaols, where the turnover is extremely rapid. If the average population for the year be taken as the average of the inmates at the beginning and at the end of the year, and the number discharged be the turnover, the turnover in 1936 was: in penitentiaries, 61 p.c.; in reformatories for boys, 221 p.c.; in reformatories for girls, 84 p.c.; in gaols, no less than 1,984 p.c. Thus, the average time spent in gaol was about 2.5 weeks. In dealing with these figures it must be borne in mind that the common gaol population changes from day to day, and is partly made up of accused persons awaiting trial who may be liberated to-day or sent to a penitentiary or reformatory to-morrow.

17.—Population of Penal Institutions, 1934-36.

Note.—Penitentiary statistics until 1919 were supplied directly by each penitentiary and were for the calendar year. For 1920 and subsequent years they have been supplied by the Superintendent of Penitentiaries and are for the fiscal years ended Mar. 31. For other institutions, the figures are for the years ended Sept. 30.

Year and Institution.	In Custody, Beginning of Year.	Admitted During Year.	Discharged During Year.	In Custody, End of Year.
	No.	No.	No.	No.
1934.	4 505	4 7710	0.000	4,220
Penitentiaries	4,587 3,132	1,713 6,326	2,080 6,471	2,987
Reformatories for boys		515	545	734
Gaols		50,379	50,595	3,958
Totals, 1934	12,657	58,933	59,691	11,899
1935.				
Penitentiaries	4,220	1,477	2,145	3,552
Reformatories for boys	2,987	6,343 573	6,507 585	$2,823 \\ 722$
Reformatories for girls	734 3,958	53,128	53,667	3,419
Totals, 1935	_ 	61,521	62,904	10,516
1936.				0.000
Penitentiaries	3,552	1,558	2,012	3,098
Reformatories for boys		6,894 487	6,577 569	3,140 640
Reformatories for girls	722 3,419	53,748	53,223	3,944
Totals, 1936		62,687	62,381	10,822